

LactoBlend

Dairy-Free

L. plantarum/rhamnosus/salivarius

LactoBlend contains three probiotic strains that are particularly hardy. It may be appropriate for individuals who do not derive benefit from less hardy strains, such as *L. acidophilus*. Members of the genus *Lactobacillus* take up residence primarily in the wall of the small intestine, where they provide many functions, including normalization of pH, promotion of digestive function, and stimulation of immune response.*

Lactobacillus plantarum was originally isolated from sourdough bread, and has traditionally been used as a culture for fermenting bread and cabbage. *L. plantarum* is resistant to gastric acids and inhabits the small intestine when ingested. It produces lactic acid and bacteriocins. *L. plantarum* has very high lactase activity, and it can deliver and release lactase throughout the stomach and small intestine, facilitating the digestion of lactose.

In Asia, *Lactobacillus salivarius* has been used as a supplement in functional foods and probiotic drinks. *L. salivarius* was originally isolated from the intestinal tract of humans, and it can also be found in dairy products and vegetable matter. It produces lactic acid and bacteriocins, and has moderate lactase activity.

Lactobacillus rhamnosus was originally isolated from the human intestinal tract. It has been shown to support the activity of both white blood cells and lymphocytic natural killer cells.* It is a good releaser of lactase throughout the stomach and small intestine. It also sometimes occurs in the large intestine, where it can create favorable conditions for the implantation of bifidobacteria.



#52780

100 vegetarian capsules

Key Features

- Three hardy strains of Lactobacilli*
- Supports the structure and functional integrity of the epithelial lining*
- May boost the immune response*
- Can produce vitamins, enzymes, and organic acids that support normal intestinal pH*



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An optimally functioning intestinal system is crucial to the health of the whole body. The human gastrointestinal tract harbors trillions of microorganisms, some beneficial to our health and some not. The cells that line the intestines, called villi, form a single layer that regulates digestion and absorbs the digested products. Friendly (probiotic) bacteria live attached to the villi, finding food and shelter, and in turn providing benefits to their host. Probiotic bacteria naturally occur in fermented foods, such as live culture yogurt and sauerkraut. Nobel Prize laureate Elie Metchnikoff observed in the 19th century that people in the Balkans who ate yogurt and other foods cultured with lactobacilli were longer-lived. He theorized that ingestion of lactobacilli could prolong life by competitively inhibiting undesirable microbes, preventing them from taking up residence and producing toxins. Intestinal dysbiosis occurs when unfriendly bacteria imbalance probiotic bacteria. Factors that can promote dysbiosis include antibiotics, steroids including birth control pills, alcohol, bacterial infections, stress, traveling or a poor diet.

Trillions of probiotic microflora are found in the healthy small and large intestines, from as many as 400 strains. They can support the structure and functional integrity of the epithelial lining by helping to metabolize vitamins, minerals and hormones, improve intestinal motility, and assist in detoxification.* They can boost immune function, and have been shown to support resistance.*

They produce metabolites such as lactic acid, hydrogen peroxide, bacteriocins and acetic acid that normalize the pH of the intestine and promote a healthy micro-ecological balance.* They support healthy conditions in the vagina, and cholesterol within normal levels.* They can produce lactase, the enzyme that digests lactose (milk sugar).

The friendly bacteria in LactoBlend *L. plantarum*/*rhamnosus/salivarius* are tested for authenticity of strain and for potency. They are packed in glass rather than plastic, produced in small batches, and refrigerated at all times. They are produced with 20% higher potency than the label claim at the time of manufacture to counter inevitable potency decay due to temperature abuse and shelf-life (aging). Also, freeze drying substantially increases shelf life potency. High quality strains, a sophisticated lyophilization process and meticulous handling combine to make LactoBlend *L. plantarum*/*rhamnosus/salivarius* unsurpassed in quality.

Supplement Facts

Serving Size 1 Capsule
 Servings Per Container 100

Amount Per Serving	% Daily Value	
<i>L.plantarum</i> (10 Billion CFUs*)	217 mg	†
<i>L.salivarius</i> (4 Billion CFUs*)	88 mg	†
<i>L.rhamnosus</i> (3 Billion CFUs*)	63 mg	†

† Daily Value not established.
 * Viable cell count at the time of manufacture

Other ingredients: Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose, FOS, microcrystalline cellulose, stearic acid, silicon dioxide.

Suggested Use: As a dietary supplement, 1 capsule one to three times daily on an empty stomach, or as directed by a healthcare practitioner.

To maintain potency, store tightly closed and refrigerated. Short term heat exposure is acceptable.